

1192-1867

In Japan, the central power
was held by successive families
of shoguns

1192

Treaty of Richard (Coeur-de-Lion) and Saladin ended the Crusade

On his return, Richard I (Coeur-de-Lion) was captured by Leopold of Austria and held prisoner by Henry II.

Shahab-ud-Din shatters a great Hindu confederacy at second battle of Tarain.

Richard I was imprisoned in the castle
of DUREASTRE in the County

1192

The bureaucratic state in
Japan was displaced by a
feudalized society

1192-1867

Shoguns were the de facto
rulers of Japan.

Originally military commanders,
they exercised real power.

His abbreviation is sei-i-tai-
shōgun, meaning "barbarian quelling
generalissimo"

1192

Richard I (7th Lion Heart)
made a 3-yr truce with
SALADIN; the Christians in
retained Jaffa with a
narrow strip of coast (all that
remained of the Latin Kingdom
of Jerusalem) and the right
of free access to the Holy Sepulchre.
Antioch & Tripoli were still in

Christian hands.
Cyprus was given to Guy of
Lusignan.

Richard I made a truce with Saladin,
by which Christians kept the coastal towns
they had captured and, provided they were
unarmed, were given access to the
Holy Sepulcher in Jerusalem.

1192

Richard the Lion-Hearted effected
a truce with Saladin.

1192-1194

1912 Dates J-BK

Italy & Germany
War with Henry the 8th

1192-1867

The shoguns were the de facto rulers of Japan from 1192 to 1867.

The name is an abbreviation of "sei-i-tai-shogun", meaning "barbarian-quelling generalissimo".

OCT. 1192

Richard I left the Holy Land
thus ending the 3rd Crusade